AD2021-021



PAGE 1 of 3

## Travel Restrictions and Visa Rules of the Philippines **Beginning 01 February 2021**

The Philippine Embassy in Singapore informs the public of new protocols for the entry of foreign nationals to the Philippines beginning 01 February 2021:

- A. As a general rule, foreign nationals are still not allowed to enter the Philippines, except for the following qualified foreign nationals:
  - 1. Foreign spouses of Filipino nationals; provided the Filipino spouse is in the Philippines and they have valid visas at the time of entry;
  - 2. Foreign minor children, and foreign children with special needs regardless of age, of Filipino nationals; provided the Filipino parent is in the Philippines and they have valid visas at the time of entry;
  - 3. Foreign parents of minor Filipino children and of Filipino children with special needs regardless of age; provided, the said Filipino minor or child/children is in the Philippines and they have valid visas at the time of entry:
  - 4. Dual Filipino citizens carrying foreign passports; provided they possess and present a Recognition Certificate or a Certificate or a Certificate of Citizenship Retention and Reacquisition under RA9225;
  - 5. A Filipino citizen's foreign spouse and child, regardless of age, from non-visa required countries, who are travelling with them, and avails of visa-free entry privileges under R. A. No. 6768 (Act Instituting the Balikbayan Program);
  - 6. Former Filipino citizens, including their foreign spouses and children, from non-visa required countries, regardless of age, who are travelling with them, and avails of the visa-free entry privileges under R.A No.6768 (Act Instituting the Balikbayan Program);
  - 7. Diplomats and members of international organizations and their dependents; provided they have a valid 9(e) visa at the time of entry;









- 8. Foreign seafarers; provided, they have a valid 9(c) visa at the time of entry;
- 9. Holders of 13 series visa under the Immigration Act (Commonwealth Act [CA] 613), as amended, which include:
  - (a) Temporary Resident Visa (based on CA 613, Section 13a [Marriage to a Filipino]);
  - (b) Temporary Resident Visa (Indian national married to a Filipino);
  - (c) MCL-07-021 Permanent Resident Visa (based on CA 613, Section 13a [Chinese nationals married to Filipino Citizens]); and
  - (d) Native Born Visa (based on CA 613, Section 13c, for foreigners born to foreign parent/s with permanent resident status in the Philippines)
- 10. Holders of Republic Act 7919 visas (granted through Social Integration Program);
- 11. Holders of Executive Order 324 visas;
- 12. Holders of Specials Visas issued by the Bureau of Immigration (BI) under Republic Act 8756
- 13. Holders of 47 (a) (2) visas issued by the DOJ
- 14. Holders of 9(d) visas issued by the BI
- 15. Holders of visas issued by the Aurora Pacific Economic Zone and Freeport Authority, Subic Bay Metropolitan Authority, Authority of the Freeport Area of Bataan, Cagayan Economic Zone Authority, and Clark Development Corporation;
- 16. Holders of Special Investor's Resident Visa (SIRV) issued under EO 226 (Omnibus Investment Code, as amended) but not under EO 63:







PAGE 3 of 3

- 17. Holders of 9(g) visas who departed the Philippines on or after 17 December 2020; provided they have a valid visa at the time of entry;
- B. All foreign nationals permitted entry into the Philippines shall be required to comply the following:
  - (1) To secure and present a pre-booked accommodation for at least seven (7) nights in a DOT-accredited quarantine hotel/facility; and
  - (2) To undergo RT-PCR COVID-19 testing at their respective quarantine hotel/facility on the sixth (6th) day from date of arrival in the Philippines (IATF Resolution No. 97, Series of 2020), and other applicable quarantine and isolation protocols as prescribed by the Department of Health.

Philippine Embassy, Singapore 01 February 2021

